GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2013

San Diego
Los Angeles
San Francisco
Bay Area



FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Activities	21
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	23
Governmental Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	24
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances to the Statement of Activities	25
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Net Position	27
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	28
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Cash Flows	
Fiduciary Funds – Statement of Net Position	
Notes to Financial Statements	31
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	59
Schedule of Funding Progress	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	61
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Local Educational Agency Organization Structure	62
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	64
Schedule of Instructional Time	65
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	66
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	67
Notes to Supplementary Information	68

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Aud of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	
Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance	
Required by OMB Circular A-133	72
Report on State Compliance	74
Summary of Auditors' Results	77
Summary of Auditors' Results	
Financial Statement Findings	78
	78 79

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Christy White, CPA

John Dominguez, CPA, CFE

Tanya M. Rogers, CPA, CFE

Michael Ash, CPA

Heather Daud

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

Corporate Office: 2727 Camino Del Rio South Suite 219 San Diego, CA 92108

toll-free: 877.220.7229 tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.christywhite.com

Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

Governing Board
Garden Grove Unified School District
Garden Grove, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Garden Grove Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Garden Grove Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Garden Grove Unified School District, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 31, the budgetary comparison information on page 59, and the schedule of funding progress on page 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Garden Grove Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2013 on our consideration of Garden Grove Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Garden Grove Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California

Christy White Ossociates

December 9, 2013

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of Garden Grove Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net assets increased 14.8% over 2011-2012 (Table 1).
- Overall revenues were \$497.1 million, \$86.1 million more than expenses (Table 2).
- The net cost of basic programs decreased 28.2% to \$220.7 million (Table 3).
- The District invested \$64,702 in copiers throughout seven (7) schools.
- One (1) 3D printer was purchased for ROP at Santiago High School at a cost of \$21,680.
- The District entered into a new capital lease agreement for print shop printers totaling \$261,192.
- Information technology projects include:
 - o Cisco Show and Share System totaling \$123,047. Of this, \$3,642 was an E-Rate donation.
 - o DDOS Defense System at a cost of \$101,325
 - o Data Storage for \$51,961
 - o Email Archive System for \$43,507
- Maintenance and Operations improvements include:
 - o Roof repairs at three (3) sites totaling \$183,630.
 - o One (1) elementary site received a playground structure at a cost of \$26,098.
 - o One (1) public works project was completed for ROP at Santiago High School totaling \$31,040.
 - o The exterior of one (1) Elementary school was repainted. The costs were captured in the work order system for a total of \$40,002.
- The District invested in kitchen equipment for Food Services totaling \$43,645.
- Warehouse purchases include the following capitalized items:
 - o One (1) cargo van totaling \$21,033.
 - o One (1) scissor lift at a cost of \$27,713.
- Work in Progress includes:
 - Modernization projects totaling \$45.1 million for work at various school sites including expenditures of \$246,295 for interim housing.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds* statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary funds* statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the District's self-insurance funds.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Components of the Financials Section

Management's Basic Required Discussion and **Financial** Supplementary **Analysis** Information Information District-Wide Fund Notes to the Financial Financial Financial Statements **Statements** Statements **DETAIL SUMMARY**

Figure A-1. Organization of Garden Grove Unified School District's Annual Financial Report

5

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including a portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statements								
Type of	District-Wide	Governmental	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Statements		Funds								
Scope	Entire district, except fiduciary activities	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses: self-insurance fund	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies						
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; Standard's funds do not currently contain nonfinancial assets, though they can						
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

The District's activities are represented in the district-wide financial statements.

• Governmental activities – All of the District's basic services are included, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as federal grants).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information at the end of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Proprietary funds* Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported similar to the district-wide statements.
 - We use *internal service funds* to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District currently has one internal service fund the self-insurance fund.
- Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship
 fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these
 funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's
 fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in
 fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the
 District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position. The District's combined net position as of June 30, 2013 was \$665.9 million reflecting an increase of 14.8% since June 30, 2012. (See Table 1)

Table 1
Governmental Activities

	So verimiental fietivities						
		2013	2012	Percentage Change			
ASSETS							
Current and other assets	\$	542,187,014	\$ 475,536,780	14.02%			
Capital assets		374,930,715	333,557,001	12.40%			
Total Assets		917,117,729	809,093,781	13.35%			
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities		59,552,091	48,738,147	22.19%			
Long-term liabilities		191,658,857	180,524,282	6.17%			
Total Liabilities		251,210,948	229,262,429	9.57%			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		340,781,535	314,840,946	8.24%			
Restricted		85,334,150	80,341,925	6.21%			
Unrestricted		239,791,096	184,648,481	29.86%			
Total Net Position	\$	665,906,781	\$ 579,831,352	14.84%			

The District's financial position is the product of many factors including four (4) furlough days for 12-month employees and three (3) furlough days for all other employees. The District also continued to use a state-approved waiver to increase class sizes in grades 1-8 to a maximum of 33:1.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues increased 16.9% to \$497.1 million. (See Table 2) Property taxes and state formula aid accounted for most of the District's revenue, contributing about 61% of every dollar raised. (See Figure A-3.) Another 22% came from state and federal aid for specific programs, and the remainder came from miscellaneous sources and fees charged for services.

The total cost of all programs and services decreased 3.0% to \$411.0 million. The District's expenses are predominantly related to educating and caring for students (82.0%). (See Figure A-4.) The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for 3.1% of total costs.

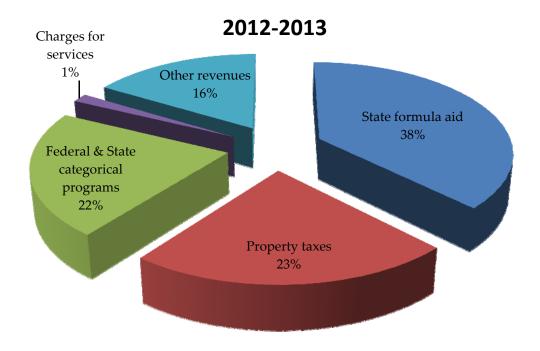
Total revenues surpassed expenses by \$86.1 million.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities							
		2013		2012	Percentage Change			
REVENUES								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	7,480,083	\$	6,685,802	11.88%			
Operating grants and contributions		108,159,445		109,334,484	(1.07%)			
Capital grants and contributions		74,610,571		50,597	147,360.46%			
General revenues								
Property taxes		113,453,246		79,489,850	42.73%			
Unrestricted federal and state aid		186,817,647	2	219,493,866	(14.89%)			
Other		6,541,517		10,076,786	(35.08%)			
Total Revenues		497,062,509	4	125,131,385	16.92%			
EXPENSES								
Instruction		247,979,186	2	258,866,730	(4.21%)			
Instruction-related services		39,010,013		41,581,043	(6.18%)			
Pupil services		50,182,932		51,851,544	(3.22%)			
General administration		12,892,555		13,222,565	(2.50%)			
Plant services		39,490,642		39,872,481	(0.96%)			
Ancillary and community services		8,558,349		8,249,718	3.74%			
Debt service		10,626,769		7,637,381	39.14%			
Other Outgo		2,229,584		2,222,848	0.30%			
Enterprise services		17,050		24,582	(30.64%)			
Total Expenses		410,987,080	4	123,528,892	(2.96%)			
Change in net position	\$	86,075,429	\$	1,602,493	5,271.35%			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

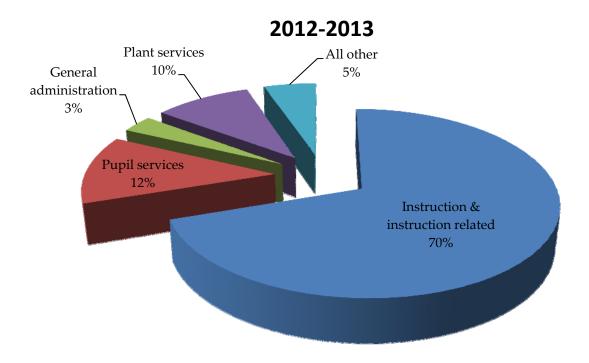
Figure A-3
Sources of Garden Grove Unified School District's Revenues for Fiscal Year 2013



11

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Figure A-4
Sources of Garden Grove Unified School District's Expenses for Fiscal Year 2013



12

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (continued)

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the District's governmental activities increased 16.9%, and total expenses decreased 3.0%. The net position increased 14.8% in 2012-2013 compared to an increase of 0.3% last year.

The District's financial health can be credited to the following management actions:

- Conservative District philosophy, fiscal management and cash flow management.
- The District maintains a highly centralized budgeting approach that allows for tight controls at the administrative level.
- Position control procedures require budget allocation and approval prior to creation of new positions insuring that communication is maintained between the Business Office and the Personnel Office.
- Class sizes are monitored closely in both grades one through three (those that participate in the class size reduction program), and in all other grades to assure that teacher-student ratios are optimum.
- The Business Office annually prepares both 2-year and 5-year budget projections allowing decisions to be made in advance of anticipated budget changes.
- Expenditures are analyzed for appropriateness to maximize instructional effectiveness.

The Statement of Activities categorizes the activities presented in Table 2 by revenue source:

- The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$411.0 million.
- The amount of \$7.5 million was paid by the users of the District's programs.
- The federal and state governments subsidized programs with grants and contributions totaling \$108.2 million.
- State Modernization Program further added \$74.6 toward the cost of all activities.
- District taxpayers and the taxpayers of California paid \$300.3 million, the majority of the District's costs.
- Local and miscellaneous revenues account for \$6.5 million.
- Net position increased \$86.1 million in 2012-13.

Table 3 shows each activity's *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

Table 3
Net Cost of Services

2013		2012	Percentage Change
\$ 128,273,700	\$	214,415,550	(40.18%)
25,389,590		25,658,110	(1.05%)
10,015,654		12,984,894	(22.87%)
10,492,931		11,529,964	(8.99%)
37,068,965		37,127,823	(0.16%)
1,958,872		2,319,112	(15.53%)
10,626,769		7,637,381	39.14%
(3,106,550)		(4,239,407)	(26.72%)
17,050		24,582	(30.64%)
\$ 220,736,981	\$	307,458,009	(28.21%)
	\$ 128,273,700 25,389,590 10,015,654 10,492,931 37,068,965 1,958,872 10,626,769 (3,106,550) 17,050	\$ 128,273,700 \$ 25,389,590 10,015,654 10,492,931 37,068,965 1,958,872 10,626,769 (3,106,550) 17,050	\$ 128,273,700 \$ 214,415,550 25,389,590 25,658,110 10,015,654 12,984,894 10,492,931 11,529,964 37,068,965 37,127,823 1,958,872 2,319,112 10,626,769 7,637,381 (3,106,550) (4,239,407) 17,050 24,582

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, the governmental funds reflected a combined fund balance amount of \$322.3 million, compared to last year's fund balance amount of \$291.8 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the Board approved six versions of the operating budget. These budget revisions fall into the categories of Preliminary, Adopted, First Interim, Second Interim, Third Interim and Final Adopted. At each reporting period, the Board approved the budget revisions and appropriation transfers that were presented.

Major budget amendments in revenue for the year include increases in Revenue Limit. The passage of Proposition 30 allowed the district to restore 20 million in revenues that were originally not included in the budget. Proposition 30 created a temporary increase in Sales Tax and an additional tax to upper income earners in order to fund education.

Federal revenues increased overall by 20.6 million. Budgetary increases were primarily made in Title I - Improving America's Schools Act (IASA) - Prior Year, Title II Part A – Improving Teacher Quality - Prior Year, Title III – Immigrant Student – Prior Year, Title IV – 21st Century grant, and Medi-Cal.

There were no significant decreases in federal revenues.

The overall net increase to State revenue was \$1.5 million. Increases were mainly due to Tobacco-Use Education Program (TUPE), Special Education Mental Health, Lottery, and Advanced Placement Exams.

State revenue reductions include Economic Impact Aid (EIA) and Class Size Reduction Program (CSR).

Overall local revenues increased by 3.7 million. Increases include the Bechtel grant, Community Services, Donations & Gifts, Regional Occupation Program (ROP)/Career Technical Education, and Supplemental Education Services (SES) Tutoring. There were no significant decreases in local revenues.

Major budget amendments in expenditures include changes in staff due to actual enrollment, along with categorical and Special Education staffing. The District implemented four (4) furlough days for 12-month employees and three (3) furlough days for all others. Employee benefits changed based on salaries and increases in rates and premiums. Books, supplies and services were adjusted as necessary to meet program and educational requirements. Capital outlay budgets increased in Regional Occupation Program (ROP)/Career Technical Education, Capital Lease agreements, and Information Technology.

As shown on page 59, the District's final budget for the general fund shows anticipated revenues and transfers-in to be approximately \$51.6 million under expenditures and transfers-out; and the actual results for the year show a \$9.3 million deficit.

Instructional and instruction-related functions were budgeted at \$312.3 million, however, expenditures were actually \$289.6 million, primarily due to unspent categorical budgets and unrestricted educational programs. Also, several programs such as Economic Impact Aid (EIA), Title II, Title III, and the Bechtel grant hold amounts in contingency until necessary and the amounts are then carried over if unused. Contingency amounts totaling \$10.6 million have an instruction-related designation until allocated for actual use.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (continued)

Pupil service categories were budgeted at \$38.9 million and actual amounts were \$31.4 million. Pupil service function includes the categories of Guidance, Psychological, Attendance/Social Welfare, Health, Pupil Testing, Speech/Pathology, and Transportation. Unspent amounts in this category were \$7.5 million, and relate primarily to Medi-Cal, Mental Health, and Transportation.

General administrative costs were budgeted at \$20.5 million. Actual expenditures were \$12.3 million. The unspent administrative cost balances include retiree health and welfare costs that were moved to other functions as appropriate at year-end.

Maintenance and operations of school facilities were budgeted at \$45.5 million. Actual expenditures were \$39.2 million. Budgeted facility acquisition and construction dollars were \$866,496; actual expenditures were \$152,605. The remaining amounts in these two expenditure categories primarily consist of savings due to vacant positions, and utility costs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2012-13 the District had invested an additional net \$45.3 million in a broad range of capital assets which include land improvements, building construction, work in progress, and equipment. (See Table 4.) This represents a net increase of 12.4% over last year's amount of \$333.6 million. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 1 E and Note 4 to the financial statements.) The net depreciation expense for the year was \$3.9 million.

Garden Grove Unified School District's student enrollment decreased from 48,315 in 2011-2012 to 47,960 in 2012-2013. Annual trends indicate that statewide enrollment is expected to continue to decline in future years.

Table 4
Governmental Activities

	2013	2012	Percentage Change
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Land	\$ 228,184,670	\$ 228,184,670	0.00%
Construction in progress	64,952,980	19,824,260	227.64%
Land improvements	13,940,924	13,914,827	0.19%
Buildings & improvements	176,800,958	176,546,286	0.14%
Furniture & equipment	25,974,557	26,076,194	(0.39%)
Accumulated depreciation	(134,923,374)	(130,989,236)	3.00%
Total Capital Assets	\$ 374,930,715	\$ 333,557,001	12.40%

In 2013-2014, General Fund has budgeted \$1,913,805 for capital projects. The District continues to focus on modernizing facilities through the use of bond funds.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end the District had \$195.0 million in Long Term Liabilities, an increase of 5.2% from last year, as shown in Table 5. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 1 E and Note 8 to the financial statements.)

On June 8, 2010 the voters of the District approved by more than 55% Measure A which authorizes \$250 million in general obligation bonds for the modernization of district schools. Under state law, the bond money can only be used for acquiring, constructing, or improving school facilities, and furniture and equipment. Bond funds will be deposited into a special account held and monitored by the Orange County Treasurer to ensure proper fund allocation, and are subject to independent annual financial and performance audits open to public scrutiny. Also, a Citizen's Oversight Committee has been established to assure the appropriate expenditure of Measure A funds. As of June 30, 2013, \$130 million in General Obligation Bonds have been issued. No additional bonds have been issued.

The use of Measure A funds for teacher and administrator salaries or operating expenses unrelated to bond measure projects is strictly prohibited.

Table 5
Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities									
		2013	2012	Percentage Change						
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				_						
Total general obligation bonds	\$	129,945,911	\$ 132,136,951	(1.66%)						
State school building loans		60,000	75,000	(20.00%)						
Capital leases		309,482	79,143	291.04%						
Compensated absences		2,479,879	2,809,894	(11.74%)						
Net OPEB obligation		62,180,232	50,284,142	23.66%						
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	194,975,504	\$ 185,385,130	5.17%						

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

Assembly Bill 97 (Chapter 47, Statutes of 2013), as amended by Senate Bills 91 and 97, enacted landmark legislation reform in California school district finance by creating the new Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The District is analyzing the impact of the LCFF on funding for our program offerings and services. The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth. The State anticipates all school districts to reach the statewide targeted base funding levels by 2020-21.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is in the process of evaluating include estimates of new funding in the next budget year and beyond; creation of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) for fiscal year 2014-15 that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, meeting new compliance and audit requirements.

The State's economy "mirrors the slow growth of the nation", this is according to the UCLA Newsroom reporting on the September 2013 Anderson Economic Forecast. "While the economy is returning to normal, it is still operating well below what would have been expected prior to the recession." The ability of the State to fund the new LCFF is largely dependent on the strength of the State's economy and remains uncertain.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, interdistrict transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2013-14 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Nancy Mefford, Executive Director of Business Services, Garden Grove Unified School District, 10331 Stanford Avenue; Garden Grove, California 92840.

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	490,137,748			
Accounts receivable		49,468,491			
Inventory		937,137			
Deferred charges		1,643,638			
Capital assets, not depreciated		293,137,650			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		81,793,065			
Total Assets		917,117,729			
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities		38,105,829			
Unearned revenue		1,947,903			
Claims liability		16,181,712			
Long-term liabilities, current portion		3,316,647			
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		191,658,857			
Total Liabilities		251,210,948			
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		340,781,535			
Restricted:					
Capital projects		55,829,167			
Debt service		5,368,056			
Educational programs		24,136,927			
Unrestricted	239,791,096				
Total Net Position	\$	665,906,781			

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

					Pro	ogram Revenues	ı		Re	et (Expenses) evenues and Changes in Jet Position
						Operating		Capital		,
			Cl	arges for		Grants and	(Grants and	G	overnmental
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services	(Contributions	Co	ontributions		Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	247,979,186	\$	3,278,649	\$	41,816,266	\$	74,610,571	\$	(128,273,700)
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		12,218,858		124,855		8,482,181		-		(3,611,822)
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,616,562		19,800		508,837		-		(1,087,925)
School site administration		25,174,593		29,404		4,455,346		-		(20,689,843)
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		11,015,624		-		3,320,029		-		(7,695,595)
Food services		19,379,528		2,352,597		19,744,146		-		2,717,215
All other pupil services		19,787,780		115,205		14,635,301		-		(5,037,274)
General administration										
Centralized data processing		3,055,342		-		-		-		(3,055,342)
All other general administration		9,837,213		100,544		2,299,080		-		(7,437,589)
Plant services		39,490,642		157,839		2,263,838		-		(37,068,965)
Ancillary services		8,146,492		-		6,599,477		-		(1,547,015)
Community services		411,857		-		-		-		(411,857)
Enterprise activities		17,050		-		-		-		(17,050)
Interest on long-term debt		10,626,769		-		-		-		(10,626,769)
Other Outgo		2,229,584		1,301,190		4,034,944		-		3,106,550
Total Governmental Activities	\$	410,987,080	\$	7,480,083	\$	108,159,445	\$	74,610,571		(220,736,981)
	Gen	eral revenues								,
	Ta	xes and subven	tions							
	P	roperty taxes, l	evied fo	r general pur	pos	es				101,175,826
	P	roperty taxes, l	evied fo	r debt service	9					7,330,271
	P	roperty taxes, l	evied fo	r other specif	ic p	urposes				4,947,149
	F	ederal and state	aid no	t restricted fo	r sp	ecific purposes				186,817,647
	Int	erest and inves	tment e	arnings						1,033,048
	Int	eragency reven	ues							189
	Mi	scellaneous								5,508,280
	Sub	total, General R	evenue	!						306,812,410
	CHA	ANGE IN NET I	POSITIO	ON						86,075,429
	Net	Position - Begii	nning							579,831,352
	Net	Position - Endir	ıg						\$	665,906,781

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2013

	General Fund B		General Fund Building Fund		•		County School Facilities Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		apital Governmental		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	97,808,249	\$ 85,332,345	\$	37,942,715	\$	74,020,700	\$	23,736,191	\$	9,477,281	\$	328,317,481	
Accounts receivable		41,996,801	23,137		723,057		18,881		6,266		6,527,462		49,295,604	
Due from other funds		3,715,490	18,873,637		3,025,496		-		-		9,184,919		34,799,542	
Stores inventory		616,129	-		-		-		-		321,008		937,137	
Total Assets	\$	144,136,669	\$ 104,229,119	\$	41,691,268	\$	74,039,581	\$	23,742,457	\$	25,510,670	\$	413,349,764	
LIABILITIES														
Accrued liabilities	\$	23,884,718	\$ 8,694,124	\$	2,647	\$	5,168	\$	38,965	\$	787,564	\$	33,413,186	
Due to other funds		27,046,156	10,273		934,389		18,205,246		6,473,700		3,040,769		55,710,533	
Unearned revenue		1,942,517	-		-		-		-		5,386		1,947,903	
Total Liabilities		52,873,391	8,704,397		937,036		18,210,414		6,512,665		3,833,719		91,071,622	
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable		816,129	-		-		-		-		321,608		1,137,737	
Restricted		13,380,507	95,524,722		-		55,829,167		-		16,015,697		180,750,093	
Committed		11,637,699	-		-		-		11,000,000		5,276,519		27,914,218	
Assigned		108,779	-		40,754,232		-		6,229,792		63,127		47,155,930	
Unassigned		65,320,164	-		-		-		-		-		65,320,164	
Total Fund Balances		91,263,278	95,524,722		40,754,232		55,829,167		17,229,792		21,676,951		322,278,142	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	144,136,669	\$ 104,229,119	\$	41,691,268	\$	74,039,581	\$	23,742,457	\$	25,510,670	\$	413,349,764	

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	322,278,142
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:			
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 509,854,089 (134,923,374)		374,930,715
Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized debt issue costs included as deferred charges on the statement of net position are:			1,643,638
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:			(3,071,967)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds State school building loans	\$ 129,945,911		
Capital leases Compensated absences Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets and liabilities of internal service funds are reported with	309,482 2,479,879	•	(132,795,272)
governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for			

internal service funds is:

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

102,921,525

665,906,781

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General Fund	Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	General Fund	bunung runu	runu	racinues runu	Outlay 110 jects	runus	Funus
Revenue limit sources	\$ 246,572,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 246,572,125
Federal sources	29,840,311	-	-	-	-	23,048,796	52,889,107
Other state sources	90,590,373	_	_	74,510,829	_	4,881,968	169,983,170
Other local sources	10,010,572	399,761	6,184,868	99,742	53,316	10,521,152	27,269,411
Total Revenues	377,013,381	399,761	6,184,868	74,610,571	53,316	38,451,916	496,713,813
EXPENDITURES			0,202,000	,,		0 0, 20 2, 20	
Current							
Instruction	251,111,214	_	_	_	_	3,917,390	255,028,604
Instruction-related services						0,1 21,010	
Instructional supervision and administration	12,782,264	_	_	_	_	139,730	12,921,994
Instructional library, media, and technology	1,645,786		_	_	_	13,317	1,659,103
School site administration	24,083,336		_	_	_	1,942,120	26,025,456
Pupil services	,,					, , .	.,,
Home-to-school transportation	10,897,480	_	_	_	_	-	10,897,480
Food services	205,151	-	-	-	-	19,566,579	19,771,730
All other pupil services	20,290,018	-	-	-	-	305,415	20,595,433
General administration							
Centralized data processing	2,680,644	-	-	-	-	-	2,680,644
All other general administration	9,584,734		63,251	-	-	729,603	10,377,588
Plant services	39,166,092	-	232,932	8,086	20,216	1,122,629	40,549,955
Facilities acquisition and maintenance	152,606	16,029,243	668,649	28,271,776	-	183,630	45,305,904
Ancillary services	8,474,760	-	-	-	-	-	8,474,760
Community services	427,753	-	-	-	-	-	427,753
Enterprise activities	20,680	-	-	-	-	-	20,680
Transfers to other agencies	2,868,272	-	-	-	-	-	2,868,272
Debt service							
Principal	45,853	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	1,545,853
Interest and other	13,979	-	-	-	-	7,387,720	7,401,699
Total Expenditures	384,450,622	16,029,243	964,832	28,279,862	20,216	36,808,133	466,552,908
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(7,437,241) (15,629,482	5,220,036	46,330,709	33,100	1,643,783	30,160,905
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	1,377,650	-	-	-	-	3,472,675	4,850,325
Other sources	261,192	-	-	-	-	-	261,192
Transfers out	(3,472,675) (8,354	(1,000,000)	-	-	(355,512)	(4,836,541)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,833,833) (8,354	(1,000,000)	-	-	3,117,163	274,976
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(9,271,074) (15,637,836	4,220,036	46,330,709	33,100	4,760,946	30,435,881
Fund Balance - Beginning	100,534,352	111,162,558	36,534,196	9,498,458	17,196,692	16,916,005	291,842,261
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 91,263,278	\$ 95,524,722	\$ 40,754,232	\$ 55,829,167	\$ 17,229,792	\$ 21,676,951	\$ 322,278,142

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 30,435,881

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay:

Depreciation expense:

\$ 46,230,344

(4,860,272) 41,370,072

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

1,545,853

Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(261,192)

Debt issuance costs:

In governmental funds, debt issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, issuance costs are amortized over the life of the debt. The difference between debt issuance costs recognized in the current period and issue costs amortized for the period is:

Issuance costs amortized for the period:

(205,455)

Donated capital assets:

In governmental funds, donated capital assets are not reported because they do not affect current financial resources. In the government-wide statements, donated capital assets are reported as revenue and as increases to capital assets, at their fair market value on the date of donation. The fair market value of capital assets donated was:

3,642

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

T Imma a trans al		1	بالمامال
Unmatured	interest on	Iong-term	aebt:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(3,071,967)

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(153,103)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

330,015

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

844,143

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

15,237,540

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

86,075,429

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	G	Governmental Activities	
	In	ternal Service	
		Fund	
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	161,820,267	
Accounts receivable		172,887	
Due from other funds		21,445,916	
Total Assets		183,439,070	
LIABILITIES		_	
Current liabilities			
Accrued liabilities		1,620,676	
Due to other funds		534,925	
Total current liabilities		2,155,601	
Non-current liabilities			
Claims liabilities		16,181,712	
Net OPEB obligation		62,180,232	
Total non-current liabilities		78,361,944	
Total Liabilities		80,517,545	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		102,921,525	
Total Net Position	\$	102,921,525	

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental	
	Activities	
	Internal Service	
	Fund	
OPERATING REVENUE		
Charges for services	\$	71,461,501
Other local revenues		3,839,091
Total operating revenues		75,300,592
OPERATING EXPENSE		
Salaries and benefits	1,068,257	
Supplies and materials	plies and materials	
Professional services	59,277,676	
Total operating expenses		60,394,322
Operating income/(loss)	14,906,270	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)		
Interest income		345,054
Transfers out		(13,784)
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)	331,270	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	15,237,540	
Net Position - Beginning	87,683,985	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 102,921,525	

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities	
	Intern	nal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from assessments made to		
other funds	\$	70,131,920
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(54,662,734)
Net cash provided by operating activities		15,469,186
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities		
Interfund transfers out		(13,784)
Net cash used by non-capital financing activities		(13,784)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest received		345,054
Net cash provided by investing activities		345,054
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		15,800,456
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of year		146,019,811
End of year	\$	161,820,267
Reconciliation of operating income to cash		
provided by operating activities		
Operating income	\$	14,906,270
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		262,428
Increase in due from other funds		(5,431,100)
Increase in accounts payable		555,751
Decrease in due to other funds		(2,135,890)
Decrease in claims liabilities		(4,584,363)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		11,896,090
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	15,469,186

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Agency Funds		
	Student Body		
	Fund		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,270,504	
Total Assets	\$	1,270,504	
LIABILITIES			
Due to student groups	\$	1,270,504	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,270,504	

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Garden Grove Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on those criteria, the District has determined that there are no potential component units that should be included in the District's financial reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash held in the county treasury is recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$15,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

25-50 years 15-20 years 8 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

Deferred Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner, in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

Fund Balance (continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 61 – In November 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statement No.14 and No. 34.* The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity and modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2012. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 61 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

GASB Statement No. 62 – In December 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codifications of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedures that were issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 62 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

GASB Statement No. 63 - In June 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. This Statement provides financial reporting guidance for deferred inflows of resources and amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definition of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 63 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

GASB Statement No. 65 – In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 68 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

						1 ota1	
	Governmental			ternal Service	G	overnmental	Fiduciary
		Funds		Funds		Activities	Funds
Cash in county	\$	327,472,709	\$	157,316,106	\$	484,788,815	\$ -
Cash on hand and in banks		644,172		4,504,161		5,148,333	1,270,504
Cash in revolving fund		200,600		-		200,600	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	328,317,481	\$	161,820,267	\$	490,137,748	\$ 1,270,504

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Orange County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$484,504,140 and an amortized book value of \$484,788,815. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 300 days.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2013, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated AAAm.

F. <u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2013, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

				Special Reserve	Non-Major		Total
		Capital Facilities	County School	Fund for Capital	Governmental	Internal Service	Governmental
ral Fund	Building Fund	Fund	Facilities Fund	Outlay Projects	Funds	Funds	Activities
7,706,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,811,920	\$ -	\$ 13,518,592
18,304,751	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,304,751
9,767,569	-	-	-	-	410,278	-	10,177,847
4,070,890	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,070,890
2,146,919	23,137	723,057	18,881	6,266	305,264	172,887	3,396,411
41,996,801	\$ 23,137	\$ 723,057	\$ 18,881	\$ 6,266	\$ 6,527,462	\$ 172,887	\$ 49,468,491
	18,304,751 9,767,569 4,070,890 2,146,919	7,706,672 \$ - 18,304,751 - 9,767,569 - 4,070,890 - 2,146,919 23,137	7,706,672 \$ - \$ - 18,304,751 9,767,569 4,070,890 - 2,146,919 23,137 723,057	ral Fund Building Fund Fund Facilities Fund 7,706,672 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 18,304,751	ral Fund Building Fund Fund Facilities Fund Outlay Projects 7,706,672 \$ - \$ \$	rad Fund Building Fund Fund Facilities Fund Outlay Projects Funds 7,706,672 \$ - \$ 5,811,920 18,304,751 - - - - 9,767,569 - - - - 410,278 4,070,890 - - - - - - - 2,146,919 23,137 723,057 18,881 6,266 305,264	rad Fund Building Fund Fund Facilities Fund Outlay Projects Funds Funds 7,706,672 \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

		Balance			Balar	ıce
	J	uly 01, 2012	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2013	
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	228,184,670	\$ -	\$ - \$	228,	184,670
Construction in progress		19,824,260	45,128,720	-	64,	952,980
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		248,008,930	45,128,720	-	293,	137,650
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements		13,914,827	26,097	-	13,	940,924
Buildings & improvements		176,546,286	254,672	-	176,	800,958
Furniture & equipment		26,076,194	824,497	926,134	25,	974,557
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		216,537,307	1,105,266	926,134	216,	716,439
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Land improvements		8,051,349	376,195	-	8,	427,544
Buildings & improvements		99,966,530	3,370,070	-	103,	336,600
Furniture & equipment		22,971,357	1,114,007	926,134	23,	159,230
Total Accumulated Depreciation		130,989,236	4,860,272	926,134	134,	923,374
Governmental Activities		_		_		
Capital Assets, net	\$	333,557,001	\$ 41,373,714	\$ - \$	374,	930,715

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2013 were as follows:

	Due From Other Funds												
								-Major					
Due To Other Funds	C-	1 E d	D.	.:14: E 4	Сар	pital Facilities		nmental	Ir	nternal Service		T-4-1	
General Fund		neral Fund -	-	ilding Fund	\$	Fund 3,025,496	\$	ands 2,711,219	¢	Funds 21,309,441	Φ.	Total 27,046,156	
Building Fund	Φ	1,164	φ	-	Ψ	3,023,490	Φ	2,711,219	φ	9,109	Ψ	10,273	
Capital Facilities Fund		265,998		668,391		_		_		7,107		934,389	
County School Facilities Fund		200,770		18,205,246		_		_		_		18,205,246	
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		_				_		6,473,700		_		6,473,700	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		2,913,403		_		_		-		127,366		3,040,769	
Internal Service Funds		534,925		-		-		-		-		534,925	
Total Due From Other Funds	\$	3,715,490	\$	18,873,637	\$	3,025,496	\$	9,184,919	\$	21,445,916	\$	56,245,458	
The General Fund owed the Non-Major Adult Education Fund The General Fund owed the Non-Major Child Development Fu The General Fund owed the Non-Major Deferred Maintenance The General Fund owed the Internal Service Funds for expend: The Building Fund owed the General Fund for expenditures in The Building Fund owed the Internal Service Funds for expenditures The Capital Facilities Fund owed the General Fund for develop The Capital Facilities Fund owed the Building Fund for Education Fund for Capital Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects owed the The Non-Major Adult Education Fund owed the General Fund The Non-Major Adult Education Fund owed the Internal Service Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund	nd for ex Fund for itures in curred. litures in exer fee an litures in expendi e Non-M for expe	spenditures ir expenditure curred. d redevelopm curred. tures incurred ajor Cafeteria nditures incu	nent r d. Func	ed. urred. eceipts. I for expenditu	res in	ncurred.						473,111 238,108 2,000,000 21,309,441 1,164 9,109 265,998 668,391 18,205,246 6,473,700 1,406,747 8,526	
												95,020	
The Non-Major Child Development Fund owed the General Fu The Non-Major Child Development Fund owed the Internal Se	rvice Fu	nds for expen										118,840	
The Non-Major Cafeteria Fund owed the General Fund to reim		-		,								1,056,124	
The Non-Major Deferred Maintenance Fund owed the General		•	s incu	irred.								355,512	
The Internal Service Funds owed the General Fund for premiu Total	ın contri	outions.									\$	534,925 56,245,458	
10141											Ф	56,245,458	

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

B. Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	Interfund Transfers In												
Interfund Transfers Out	Ge	eneral Fund		Funds		Total							
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,472,675	\$	3,472,675							
Building Fund		8,354		-		8,354							
Capital Facilities Fund		1,000,000		-		1,000,000							
Non-Major Governmental Funds		355,512		-		355,512							
Internal Service Funds		13,784		-		13,784							
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	1,377,650	\$	3,472,675	\$	4,850,325							
The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Adult Educatincurred. The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Child Develop The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Deferred Main The Non-Major Deferred Maintenance Fund transferred to the	oment Fund for ntenance Fund	r contribution for deferred n	s for e	kpenditures nance	\$	1,222,762 249,913 2,000,000							
incurred. The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Child Develop The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Deferred Main	oment Fund for ntenance Fund	r contribution for deferred n	s for e	kpenditures nance	\$	249,913							
incurred. The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Child Develop The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Deferred Main The Non-Major Deferred Maintenance Fund transferred to the	oment Fund fo ntenance Fund General Fund	r contribution for deferred n for reimburse	s for ex nainter	kpenditures nance for workorder	\$	249,913 2,000,000							
incurred. The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Child Develop The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Deferred Main The Non-Major Deferred Maintenance Fund transferred to the projects.	oment Fund fo ntenance Fund General Fund ursement for ex	r contribution for deferred n for reimburse spenditures inc	s for ex nainter ement	kpenditures nance for workorder	\$	249,913 2,000,000 355,512							
incurred. The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Child Develop The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Deferred Main The Non-Major Deferred Maintenance Fund transferred to the projects. The Building Fund transferred to the General Fund for reimbut	oment Fund for ntenance Fund General Fund ursement for ex r the redevelop	r contribution for deferred n for reimburse spenditures incoment agreeme	s for expandinter	kpenditures nance for workorder	\$	249,913 2,000,000 355,512 8,354							

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

									\mathbf{S}_{1}	pecial Reserve		Non-Major					Total
					C	apital Facilities	(County School	Fι	und for Capital	C	Governmental	Iı	nternal Service	Government-	G	overnmental
	G	eneral Fund	В	uilding Fund		Fund	F	Facilities Fund	C	Outlay Projects		Funds		Funds	Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	16,458,938	\$	17,321	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	226,063	\$	66,921	\$ -	\$	16,769,243
Construction		-		8,676,803		-		-		-		-		-	-		8,676,803
Vendors payable		7,045,618		-		2,647		5,168		38,965		561,501		1,553,755	-		9,207,654
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	3,071,967		3,071,967
Other liabilities		380,162		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		380,162
Total	\$	23,884,718	\$	8,694,124	\$	2,647	\$	5,168	\$	38,965	\$	787,564	\$	1,620,676	\$ 3,071,967	\$	38,105,829

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

				Non-Major		Total			
				Governmental	C	Governmental			
	General Fund			Funds	Activities				
Federal sources	\$	166,891	\$	-	\$	166,891			
Local sources		1,775,626		5,386		1,781,012			
Total	\$	1,942,517	\$	5,386	\$	1,947,903			

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

		Balance						Balance	Balance Due
	July 01, 2012		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2013	In One Year	
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	128,988,548	\$	153,103	\$	1,500,000	\$	127,641,651	\$ 2,000,000
Unamortized premium		3,148,403		-		844,143		2,304,260	-
Total general obligation bonds		132,136,951		153,103		2,344,143		129,945,911	2,000,000
State school building loans		75,000		-		15,000		60,000	15,000
Capital leases		79,143		261,192		30,853		309,482	61,708
Compensated absences		2,809,894		-		330,015		2,479,879	1,239,939
Net OPEB obligation		50,284,142		11,896,090		-		62,180,232	-
Total	\$	185,385,130	\$	12,310,385	\$	2,720,011	\$	194,975,504	\$ 3,316,647

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Measure A General Obligation Bonds

On June 8, 2010 the voters of the District approved by more than 55% Measure A which authorizes \$250 million in general obligation bonds for the modernization of district schools. Under state law, the bond money can only be used for acquiring, constructing, or improving school facilities, and furniture and equipment. Bond funds are deposited into a special account held and monitored by the Orange County Treasurer to ensure proper fund allocation, and are subject to independent annual financial and performance audits open to public scrutiny. Also, a Citizen's Oversight Committee has been established to assure the appropriate expenditure of Measure A funds. The use of Measure A funds for teacher and administrator salaries or operating expenses unrelated to bond measure projects is strictly prohibited.

Election of 2010, Series A & B

On September 23, 2010, Election of 2010, Series A & B of the Measure A bond authorization was issued. Series A consisted of capital appreciation bonds and current interest bonds with an initial par amount of \$11,900,160 with stated interest rates of 2.00% to 5.00% and maturing through August 1, 2021, and Series B which consisted of Federally Taxable – Build America Bonds with an initial par amount of \$118,100,000 with stated interest rates of 5.00% to 6.13%.

The outstanding bonded debt of Garden Grove Unified School District at June 30, 2013 is:

					Bonds			
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding			Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 01, 2012	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2013
2010 Series A	September 23, 2010	August 1, 2021	2.00 - 5.00%	\$ 11,900,160	\$ 10,888,548	\$ 153,103	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 9,541,651
2010 Series B	September 23, 2010	August 1, 2040	5.00 - 6.13%	118,100,000	118,100,000	-	-	118,100,000
					\$ 128,988,548	\$ 153,103	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 127,641,651

The annual requirements to amortize the Series A general obligation bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 209,000	\$ 2,209,000
2015	1,000,000	157,250	1,157,250
2016	575,000	134,000	709,000
2017	1,000,000	102,500	1,102,500
2018	1,100,000	68,750	1,168,750
2019 - 2023	3,225,160	4,402,340	7,627,500
Accretion	 641,491	(641,491)	
Total	\$ 9,541,651	\$ 4,432,349	\$ 13,974,000

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Election of 2010, Series A & B (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the Series B Build America Bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Federal Subsidy	Total
2014	\$ - \$	7,123,720	\$ (2,493,302) \$	4,630,418
2015	-	7,123,720	(2,493,302)	4,630,418
2016	-	7,123,720	(2,493,302)	4,630,418
2017	-	7,123,720	(2,493,302)	4,630,418
2018	-	7,123,720	(2,493,302)	4,630,418
2019 - 2023	1,500,000	35,581,100	(12,453,385)	24,627,715
2024 - 2028	12,600,000	33,779,575	(11,822,851)	34,556,724
2029 - 2033	28,200,000	27,719,335	(9,701,767)	46,217,568
2034 - 2038	42,700,000	16,995,005	(5,948,252)	53,746,753
2039 - 2041	33,100,000	3,123,235	(1,093,132)	35,130,103
Total	\$ 118,100,000 \$	152,816,850	\$ (53,485,897) \$	217,430,953

State Preschool Loan

On July 14, 2004, the District was awarded \$150,000 for a Child Care Facilities Revolving Loan to construct portable facilities for the preschool program at Wakeham Elementary School. A capital lease agreement with the state was entered into and requires \$150,000 be repaid within ten years, at the amount of \$15,000 per year, at which time title to the facility will transfer to the District. The revolving loan bears no interest. As of June 30, 2013, \$60,000 remains outstanding on the loan.

Capital Leases

The District has leases with Xerox & OCE for equipment with options to purchase. The capital leases have minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Lea	Lease Payment			
2014	\$	90,321			
2015		90,321			
2016		90,321			
2017		69,843			
2018		45,463			
Total minimum lease payments		386,269			
Less amount representing interest		(76,787)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	309,482			

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2013 amounted to \$2,479,879. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2013:

							Special Reserve	Non-Major	Total
				Capi	ital Facilities	County School	Fund for Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	G	eneral Fund	Building Fund		Fund	Facilities Fund	Outlay Projects	Funds	Funds
Non-spendable									
Revolving cash	\$	200,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 600	\$ 200,600
Stores inventory		616,129	-		-	-	-	321,008	937,137
Total non-spendable		816,129	-		-	-	-	321,608	1,137,737
Restricted									
Educational programs		13,380,507	-		-	-	-	-	13,380,507
Capital projects		-	95,524,722		-	55,829,167	-	-	151,353,889
Debt service		-	-		-	-	-	5,368,056	5,368,056
All others		-	-		-	-	-	10,647,641	10,647,641
Total restricted		13,380,507	95,524,722		-	55,829,167	-	16,015,697	180,750,093
Committed									
Stabilization		11,637,699	-		-	-	-	-	11,637,699
Other commitments		-	-		-	-	11,000,000	5,276,519	16,276,519
Total committed		11,637,699	-		-	-	11,000,000	5,276,519	27,914,218
Assigned									
Cal-SAFE		108,779	-		-	-	-	-	108,779
Capital projects		-	-		40,754,232	-	6,229,792	-	46,984,024
Child development		-	-		-	-	-	63,127	63,127
Total assigned		108,779	-		40,754,232	-	6,229,792	63,127	47,155,930
Unassigned									
Reserve for economic uncertainties		7,758,466	-		-	-	-	-	7,758,466
Remaining unassigned		57,561,698	-		-	-		-	57,561,698
Total unassigned		65,320,164	-		-	-	-	-	65,320,164
Total	\$	91,263,278	\$ 95,524,722	\$	40,754,232	\$ 55,829,167	\$ 17,229,792	\$ 21,676,951	\$ 322,278,142

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 2 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description and Contribution Information

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment plan (OPEB), where plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that plan. The plan assets are accounted for in the Self Insurance Fund. The District implemented GASB Statement #45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in 2007-08.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	319
Active plan members	2,918
Total*	3,237
Number of participating employers	1

^{*}As of July 1, 2011 actuarial study

The District's Self-Insurance Fund is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the District that covers eligible retired employees of the District including all departments. The Fund provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses.

B. **Funding Policy**

Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts annually toward the cost of health insurance premiums. Plan members are required to contribute \$240 annually for Retiree Only coverage and \$560, if dependent coverage is elected. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Each retiree makes a contribution towards the premium and the District funds the remainder. For fiscal year 2012-13 the District contributed \$4,861,246 to the plan.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 17,739,630
Interest on net OPEB obligation	2,262,786
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(3,245,080)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	16,757,336
Contributions made	(4,861,246)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	11,896,090
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	 50,284,142
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 62,180,232

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2013 and the preceding two years were as follows:

	Annual			
	OPEB	Percentage		Net OPEB
Year Ended June 30,	Cost	Contributed	(Obligation
2013	\$ 16,757,336	29%	\$	62,180,232
2012	\$ 16,964,816	45%	\$	50,284,142
2011	\$ 18,056,220	36%	\$	40,925,554

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial evaluation consists of the following:

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valuation	n	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 201	1 \$	- \$	133,446,233	\$ 133,446,233	0%	\$ 257,385,515	52%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date		7/1/2011			
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit				
Amortization Method	Level-	percentage of payrol	1		
Remaining Amortization Period		25			
Asset Valuation	\$	-			
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Investment rate of return		5.0%			
Discount rate		4.5%			
Health care trend rate		7.6%			
Inflation rate		5.0%			

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd.; Sacramento, CA 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2013 was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

			Percent of Required
	Cc	ontribution	Contribution
2012-13	\$	15,488,880	100%
2011-12	\$	15,619,242	100%
2010-11	\$	15,898,191	100%

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$9,941,758 to CalSTRS (5.176% of 2010-11 creditable subject to CalSTRS).

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street; Sacramento, CA 95811.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2013 was 11.417% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

			Percent of Required
	Co	ntribution	Contribution
2012-13	\$	5,750,734	100%
2011-12	\$	5,506,258	100%
2010-11	\$	5,464,597	100%

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2013.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2013.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$67,388,723.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in a joint powers authority (JPA), the Southern California Schools Regional Liability Excess Fund (ReLiEF). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes. ReLiEF arranges for and provides self-funded excess liability and property coverage for approximately seventy public educational agencies with combined average daily attendance of 916,858 and property values of approximately \$20.06 billion.

ReLiEF arranges for and provides property and liability insurance for approximately seventy members consisting of both public educational agencies and other JPA's. ReLiEF is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member. The board controls the operations of the JPA independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the governing board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to its participation in the JPA.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES (continued)

Condensed financial information is shown below:

	Sou	thern California		
	ReLiEF			
		June 30, 2013		
Assets	\$	51,814,097		
Liabilities		30,151,599		
Net assets	\$	21,662,498		
Revenues	\$	15,186,581		
Expenses		21,791,522		
Operating income		(6,604,941)		
Non-operating income		32,817		
Change in net assets	\$	(6,572,124)		

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts, damage to District assets, errors and omissions, employee injuries and natural disasters. The District participates in a public entity risk pool, as described in Note 13, for claims in excess of insured amounts for workers' compensation and liability protection. The District purchases commercial insurance coverage for other types of risk. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

The District retains the risk of loss under the California Education Code Section 39602 for general liability up to \$50,000, commercial property up to \$25,000, worker's compensation claims up to \$500,000 and employee medical benefit claims. The District has obtained insurance coverage that will cover claims within the following ranges to supplement its risk retention program:

Worker's compensation	\$500,000 per claim up to	\$25,000,000
Property claims	\$25,000 per claim up to	\$250,000,000
General liability	\$50,000 per claim up to	\$25,000,000

Related claims paid for the year ended June 30, 2013 were \$1,858,265 for worker's compensation claims, \$36,883,920 for medical and dental claims, and \$5,625,991 for catastrophic claims, bringing total claim payments to \$44,368,176. These amounts have been recorded as self-insured losses in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. The District has adjusted the outstanding claims payable based on information provided by their claim administrator relating to claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) to bring the total liability for insurance claims at June 30, 2013 to \$16,181,712.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Claims payable and other liabilities in fiscal year 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

		General		Workers'	Health &		
		Liability	C	Compensation	Welfare		Total
Liability Balance, July 01, 2012	\$	473,423	\$	8,441,034 \$	11,851,618	\$	20,766,075
Claims & changes in estimates		-		1,179,950	38,603,863		39,783,813
Claims payments		-		(1,858,265)	(42,509,911)		(44,368,176)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2013	\$	473,423	\$	7,762,719 \$	7,945,570	\$	16,181,712
-							
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2013							183,439,070

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On September 25, 2013, the District issued \$119,995,000 of General Obligation Bonds, 2010 Election, Series C. The bonds were the third and final issuance of the voter approved authorization. The bonds were issued to finance new construction and additions to and modernization of school facilities for the District. The issuance consisted of current interest serial and term bonds carrying interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.25%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variances -	
		Original	Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Final to Actual	
REVENUES							
Revenue limit sources	\$	225,893,792 \$	246,572,129	\$	246,572,125	\$ (4)	
Federal sources		28,235,141	34,078,170		29,840,311	(4,237,859)	
Other state sources		88,486,403	91,066,082		90,590,373	(475,709)	
Other local sources		8,277,352	11,967,242		10,010,572	(1,956,670)	
Total Revenues		350,892,688	383,683,623		377,013,381	(6,670,242)	
EXPENDITURES						_	
Certificated salaries		197,479,397	192,435,640		186,485,240	5,950,400	
Classified salaries		63,721,931	64,657,085		59,746,971	4,910,114	
Employee benefits		109,805,849	104,268,967		98,532,361	5,736,606	
Books and supplies		26,337,997	30,195,512		10,689,336	19,506,176	
Services and other operating expenditures		29,473,678	34,864,413		25,993,032	8,871,381	
Capital outlay		766,600	1,436,841		805,180	631,661	
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		2,528,889	3,044,823		2,928,104	116,719	
Transfers of indirect costs		(538,093)	(694,667)		(729,602)	34,935	
Total Expenditures		429,576,248	430,208,614		384,450,622	45,757,992	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						_	
Over Expenditures		(78,683,560)	(46,524,991)		(7,437,241)	39,087,750	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		1,000,000	1,377,653		1,377,650	(3)	
Other sources		-	261,192		261,192	-	
Transfers out		(2,328,893)	(4,033,618)		(3,472,675)	560,943	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,328,893)	(2,394,773)		(1,833,833)	560,940	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(80,012,453)	(48,919,764)		(9,271,074)	39,648,690	
Fund Balance - Beginning		88,592,133	100,534,352		100,534,352		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	8,579,680 \$	51,614,588	\$	91,263,278	\$ 39,648,690	

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valuat	ion	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 2011	\$	- \$	133,446,233	\$ 133,446,233	0%	\$ 257,385,515	52%
July 1, 2009	\$	- \$	123,690,199	\$ 123,690,199	0%	\$ 281,529,029	44%
July 1, 2007	\$	- \$	127,003,074	\$ 127,003,074	0%	\$ 291,010,122	44%

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Funding Progress

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 45 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The schedule presents, for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations, information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District incurred no excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Garden Grove Unified School District is located in Orange County, California. The District was established on July 1, 1965 and is comprised of an area of approximately 28 square miles. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is currently operating 46 elementary schools, 10 intermediate schools, 7 high schools, 2 continuation high schools, 2 special education facilities and 2 adult education centers.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires		
George West, Ed.D	President	November, 2016		
Lan Quoc Nguyen	Vice President	November, 2014		
Bob Harden	Member	November, 2014		
Bao Nguyen	Member	November, 2016		
Linda Reed	Member	November, 2016		

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Laura Schwalm Superintendent

Mr. Rick Nakano Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Ms. Sara Wescott
Assistant Superintendent, Elementary Education

Dr. Gabriela Mafi
Assistant Superintendent, Secondary Education

Ms. Joli Armitage Assistant Superintendent, Personnel Services

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	CFDA	Pass-Through Entity	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	Number	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 14,310,450
Title I, Part A, Program Improvement	84.010	14955	275,525
Subtotal Title I, Part A Cluster			14,585,975
Title I, Part G, Advanced Placement (AP) Test Fee Reimbursement	84.330B	14831	51,602
Adult Education Cluster			
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education and ESL	84.002A	14508	656,123
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002A	13978	37,743
Adult Education: English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	14109	361,180
Subtotal Adult Education Cluster			1,055,046
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	1,561,102
Title III Cluster			
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	195,300
Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	84.365	14346	2,305,445
Subtotal Title III Cluster			2,500,745
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program	84.287	14347	726,750
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	8,158,314
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	34,664
IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B	84.027A	14468	332,282
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B Sec 619	84.173	13430	161,468
IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement	84.027A	13682	325,560
IDEA Preschool Staff Development	84.173A	13431	2,808
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			9,015,096
IDEA Early Intervention Grants	84.181	23761	110,635
Vocational Programs: Voc & Appl Tech Secondary II C, Sec 131 (Carl Perkins Act)	84.048	14894	357,013
Total U. S. Department of Education	01.010	11071	29,963,964
Toma of Stephanical of Education			25,500,501
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Basic Breakfast Program	10.553	13390	8,138
Especially Needy Breakfast Program	10.553	13526	3,048,371
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	13,362,075
After School Meal Supplements	10.559	*	675,765
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	13004	
USDA Commodities		13004	176,713
	10.555		1,877,226
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster	10 502	14069	19,148,288
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	345,558
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			19,493,846
NATIONAL CCIENCE FOLINDATION			
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION			
Passed through California State University, Fullerton:	47.000	*	454.005
Teachers Assisting Students to Excel in Mathematics	47.082	•	151,835
Total National Science Foundation			151,835
IL C DEDARMANT OF HEALTH AND HIS CAN CEDIMORS			
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Education:	05	40.00	
Child Development: Federal General and State Preschool	93.596	13609	223,519
Passed through California Department of Health Services:			
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	764,663
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			988,182
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 50,597,827

 $[\]mbox{\ensuremath{*}}$ - Pass-through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
ELEMENTARY		
Kindergarten	3,108	3,115
First through third	9,876	9,881
Fourth through sixth	10,242	10,243
Seventh through eighth	7,024	7,025
Home and hospital	5	5
Special education	1,185	1,200
Total Elementary	31,440	31,469
SECONDARY		
Regular classes	13,552	13,505
Continuation education	426	425
Home and hospital	6	7
Special education	667	662
Total Secondary	14,651	14,599
Average Daily Attendance Total	46,091	46,068

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	1982-83		198	6-87			
		Actual		Minutes	2012-13		
	Actual	Minutes	Minutes	Requirement	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Minutes	Reduced	Requirement	Reduced	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	32,434	31,533	36,000	35,000	40,710	177	Complied
Grade 1	49,266	47,898	50,400	49,000	53,915	177	Complied
Grade 2	49,266	47,898	50,400	49,000	53,915	177	Complied
Grade 3	49,266	47,898	50,400	49,000	53,915	177	Complied
Grade 4	54,681	53,162	54,000	52,500	53,915	177	Complied
Grade 5	54,681	53,162	54,000	52,500	53,915	177	Complied
Grade 6	54,681	53,162	54,000	52,500	53,915	177	Complied
Grade 7	54,500	52,986	54,000	52,500	54,694	177	Complied
Grade 8	54,500	52,986	54,000	52,500	54,694	177	Complied
Grade 9	58,924	57,287	64,800	63,000	63,743	177	Complied
Grade 10	58,924	57,287	64,800	63,000	63,743	177	Complied
Grade 11	58,924	57,287	64,800	63,000	63,743	177	Complied
Grade 12	58,924	57,287	64,800	63,000	63,743	177	Complied

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2	014 (Budget)	2013	2012	2011
General Fund - Budgetary Basis					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	405,255,384 \$	378,652,223 \$	379,334,480 \$	406,334,055
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		463,511,758	387,923,297	380,649,116	377,623,139
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(58,256,374) \$	(9,271,074) \$	(1,314,636) \$	28,710,916
Ending Fund Balance	\$	33,006,904 \$	91,263,278 \$	100,534,352 \$	101,848,988
Available Reserves*	\$	9,300,000 \$	65,320,164 \$	75,832,620 \$	77,380,198
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		2.01%	16.84%	19.92%	20.49%
Long-term Debt	\$	191,658,857 \$	194,975,504 \$	183,536,037 \$	174,899,059
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		45,263	46,091	46,644	46,771

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$10,585,710 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2013-14 budget projects a decrease of \$58,256,374. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 2% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2013-14 fiscal year. Total long term obligations have increased by \$20,076,445 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 680 ADA over the past two years. A decrease of 828 ADA is anticipated during the 2013-14 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

There were no adjustments between the annual financial and budget report and the audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and* Non-*Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2013 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2013.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$52,889,107
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	(14,895)
Build America Bonds Interest Subsidy	*	(2,276,385)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$50,597,827

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 requirements, whichever is greater, as required by *Education Code Section* 46201. Through 2014-15, the instructional day and minute requirements have been reduced pursuant to *Education Code Section* 46201.2.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to audited financial statements.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



Christy White, CPA

John Dominguez, CPA, CFE

Tanya M. Rogers, CPA, CFE

Michael Ash, CPA

Heather Daud

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

Corporate Office: 2727 Camino Del Rio South Suite 219 San Diego, CA 92108

toll-free: 877.220.7229 tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.christywhite.com

Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board
Garden Grove Unified School District
Garden Grove, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Garden Grove Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Garden Grove Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2013.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Garden Grove Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Garden Grove Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Garden Grove Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Garden Grove Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California

Christy White Ossociates

December 9, 2013



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Garden Grove Unified School District Garden Grove, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Garden Grove Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Garden Grove Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. Garden Grove Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Garden Grove Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Garden Grove Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Christy White, CPA

John Dominguez, CPA, CFE

Tanya M. Rogers, CPA, CFE

Michael Ash, CPA

Heather Daud

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

Corporate Office: 2727 Camino Del Rio South Suite 219 San Diego, CA 92108

toll-free: 877.220.7229 tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.christywhite.com

Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Garden Grove Unified School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Garden Grove Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Garden Grove Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Garden Grove Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Garden Grove Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California

Christy White Ossociales

December 9, 2013



REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Garden Grove Unified School District Garden Grove, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Garden Grove Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K* – 12 *Local Education Agencies* 2012-13, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel that could have a direct and material effect on each of Garden Grove Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Garden Grove Unified School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K* – 12 *Local Education Agencies* 2012-13, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Garden Grove Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Garden Grove Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

Christy White, CPA

John Dominguez, CPA, CFE

Tanya M. Rogers, CPA, CFE

Michael Ash, CPA

Heather Daud

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

Corporate Office: 2727 Camino Del Rio South Suite 219 San Diego, CA 92108

toll-free: 877.220.7229 tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.christywhite.com

Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Garden Grove Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Garden Grove Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	PROCEDURES IN	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	AUDIT GUIDE	PERFORMED
Attendance Reporting	6	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	3	Yes
Independent Study	23	Not Applicable
Continuation Education	tion 10	
Instructional Time for:		
School Districts	6	Yes
County Offices of Education	3	Not Applicable
Instructional Materials, general requirements	8	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	4	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	8	Not Applicable
Class Size Reduction (including in charter schools):		
General requirements	7	Yes
Option One	3	Yes
Option Two	4	Not Applicable
Districts or charter schools with only one		
school serving K - 3	4	Not Applicable

(Continued on the next page)

Procedures Performed (continued)

	PROCEDURES IN	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	AUDIT GUIDE	PERFORMED
After School Education and Safety Program:	_	
General requirements	4	Yes
After school	5	Yes
Before school	6	Not Applicable
Contemporaneous Records of Attendance; for charter		
schools	1	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	1	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;		
for charter schools	15	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based		
Instruction; for charter schools	3	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for		
charter schools	4	Not Applicable

San Diego, California

Christy White Ossociates

December 9, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issued:		U	nmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		<u> </u>	_
Material weakness(es) identified?			No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		No	ne Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?			No
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major program:			
Material weakness(es) identified?			No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			ne Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:		U	nmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are requir	•		
with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?			No
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program of Cluster		
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173A Special Education Cluster			
84.367A Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality			
84.365	Title III Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	en Type A and Type B programs:	- \$	1,517,935
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes
			_
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over state programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?			No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		No	ne Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:		U	nmodified

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000 **AB 3627 FINDING TYPE**

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2013.

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
41000	CalSTRS
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

No prior year findings for the fiscal year ended 2011-2012.